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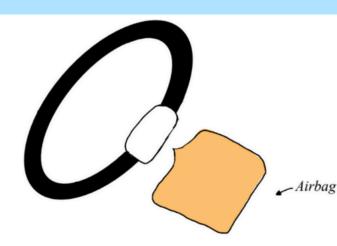
Problem

Victims of drowning enter what is known as the "Instinctive" Drowning Response" ("Drowning Prevention," n.d.) which can make both calling for help and searching for visual indications of drowning difficult.

Engineering Goal

Develop an assistive device that will aid in drowning response.

3 Initial Designs

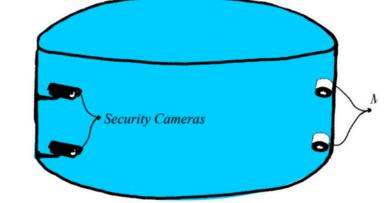


- Detects drowning
 - Directly aids swimmer
- Requires the user to wear a bracelet



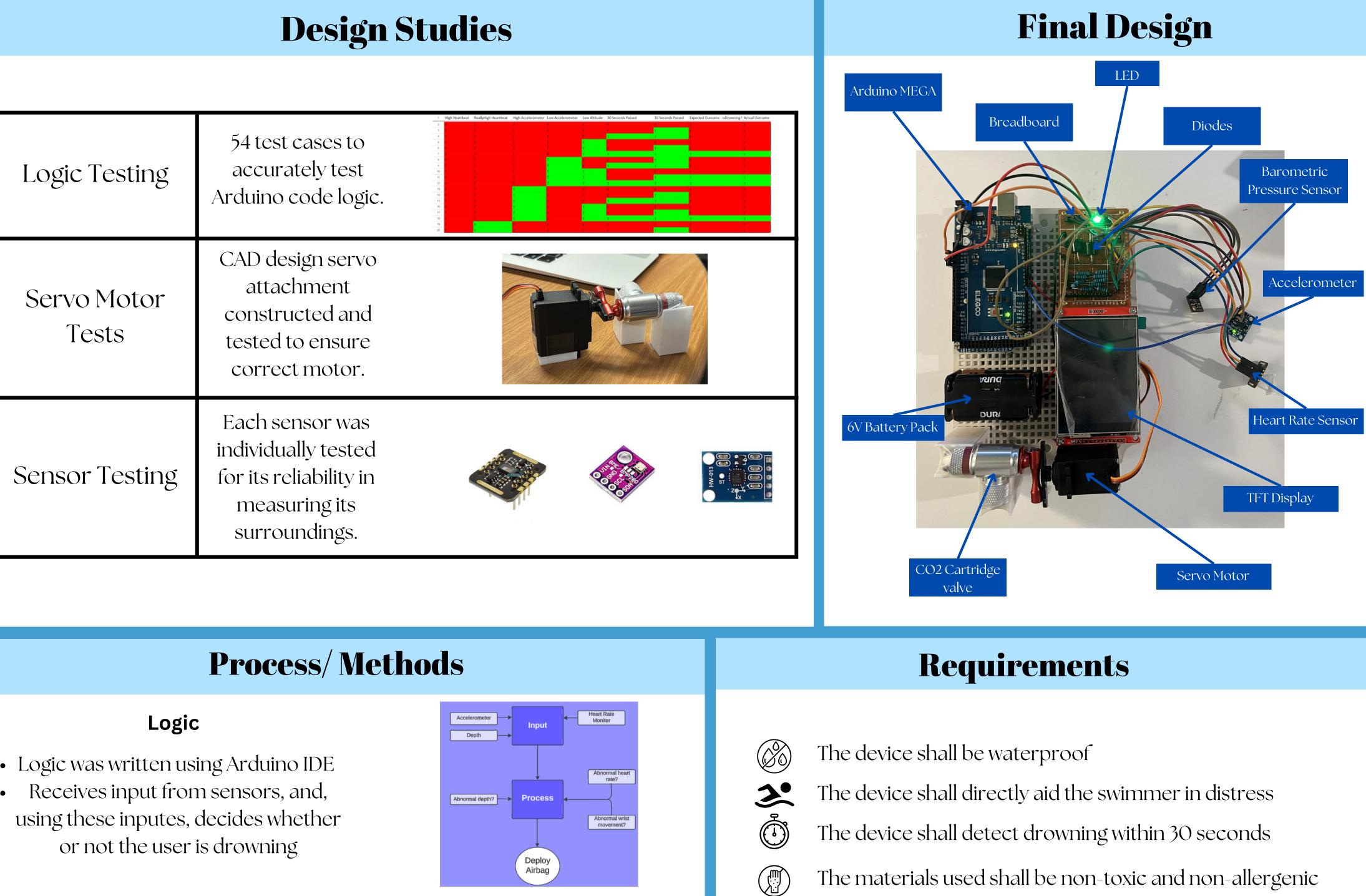
Figure 2. Drawing of initial design 2, an assistive lifeguard whistle.

- Aids lifeguard
- Indirectly aids swimmer
- Does not help with detection



- Detects drowning
- Requires outside aid
- Complex
 - Large learning curve

Figure 3. Drawing of initial design 3, a automatic drowning detection system with cameras.



- Logic was written using Arduino IDE

Hardware

- If sensors detect drowning, the Arduino turns the servo motor
- The servo motor turns the bike pump valve, relasing CO2 from the cartidge into the balloon

Figure 4. Visualization of Arduino Logic

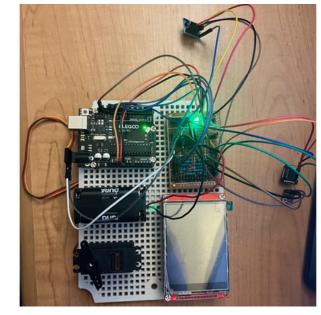


Figure 5. Picture of the hardware, with all devices attached.

Conclusions

- Is a viable solution in aiding drowning prevention
- Needs more sophisticated sensors to do more thorough testing of both device and logic

The device shall not hinder the user's ability to swim The device shall be functional up to 2.5 meters The device shall work in all water areas. (pools, beaches, lakes, etc.) The device shall not cost more than \$250 to build

Future Work

- Implement the sensor system into a physical bracelet
- Develop a way to create drowning victim data
- Further develop logic based on more accurate data